§5 –
C.46:30B-42.1
§8 - Repealer
§9 - Note

P.L.2010, CHAPTER 25, *approved June 29, 2010* Assembly, No. 3002 (CORRECTED COPY)

1 AN ACT concerning presumptions of abandonment, issuer imposed 2 dormancy fees and related administration of certain unclaimed 3 properties, amending and supplementing chapter 30B of Title 46 4 of the Revised Statutes and repealing parts of the statutory law. 5 6 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 7 of New Jersey: 8 9 1. R.S.46:30B-6 is amended to read as follows: 10 46:30B-6. Definitions. 11 As used in this chapter: 12 "Administrator" means the Treasurer of the State of New Jersey, any individual serving as the Acting Treasurer in the 13 14 absence of the appointed Treasurer, and any State employee to 15 whom the Treasurer has delegated authority to administer the 16 provisions of this chapter and to execute any pertinent documents; 17 b. "Apparent owner" means the person whose name appears on 18 the records of the holder as the person entitled to property held, 19 issued, or owing by the holder; 20 c. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2002, c.35). 21 d. "Business association" means a corporation, joint stock 22 company, investment company, business trust, partnership, unincorporated association, joint venture, limited liability company, 23 24 company, safekeeping depository, safe deposit financial 25 organization, insurance company, mutual fund, utility or other 26 business entity consisting of one or more persons, whether or not 27 for profit; "Domicile" means the state of incorporation of a corporation 28 e. 29 and the state of the principal place of business of an unincorporated 30 person; 31 f. "Financial organization" means a savings and loan 32 association, building and loan association, credit union, savings 33 bank, industrial bank, bank, banking organization, trust company, 34 safe deposit company, private banker, or any organization defined 35 by other law as a bank or banking organization; 36 "Holder" means a person, wherever organized or domiciled, g. 37 who is the original obligor indebted to another on an obligation;

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

h. "Insurance company" means an association, corporation,
fraternal or mutual benefit organization, whether or not for profit,
which is engaged in providing insurance coverage, including
accident, burial, casualty, credit life, contract performance, dental,
fidelity, fire, health, hospitalization, illness, life (including
endowments and annuities), malpractice, marine, mortgage, surety,
and wage protection insurance;

i. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2002, c.35).

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j. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2002, c.35).

10 k. "Owner" means a person having a legal or equitable interest 11 in property subject to this chapter or the person's legal 12 representative and includes, but is not limited to, a depositor in the 13 case of a deposit, a beneficiary in the case of a trust other than a 14 deposit in trust, and a creditor, claimant, or payee in the case of 15 other property;

l. "Person" means an individual, business association, state or
 other government, governmental subdivision or agency, public
 corporation, public authority, estate, trust, two or more persons
 having a joint or common interest, or any other legal or commercial
 entity;

m. "State" means any state in the United States, district,
commonwealth, territory, insular possession, or any other area
subject to the jurisdiction of the United States;

n. "Utility" means a person who owns or operates for public
use any plant, equipment, property, franchise, or license for the
transmission of communications or the production, storage,
transmission, sale, delivery, or furnishing of electricity, water,
steam, or gas;

o. "Mineral" means gas, oil, coal, other gaseous, liquid and
solid hydrocarbons, oil shale, cement material, sand and gravel,
road material, building stone, chemical raw material, gemstone,
fissionable and nonfissionable ores, colloidal and other clay, steam
and other geothermal resources, or any other substance defined as a
mineral by the law of this State;

p. "Mineral proceeds" means amounts payable for the
extraction, production, or sale of minerals, or, upon the
abandonment of those payments, all payments that become payable
thereafter, and includes, but is not limited to, amounts payable:

for the acquisition and retention of a mineral lease, including
bonuses, royalties, compensatory royalties, shut-in royalties,
minimum royalties, and delay rentals;

for the extraction, production, or sale of minerals, including net
revenue interests, royalties, overriding royalties, extraction
payments, and production payments; and

under an agreement of option, including a joint operatingagreement, pooling agreement, and farm-out agreement;

q. "Money order" means an express money order and a
personal money order, on which the remitter is the purchaser;

1 "Property" means tangible property described r. in 2 R.S.46:30B-45 or a fixed and certain interest in intangible property 3 that is held, issued, or owed in the course of a holder's business, or 4 government, government subdivision, agency, bv а or 5 instrumentality, and all income or increments therefrom, and 6 includes property that is referred to as or evidenced by: 7 money, a check, draft, deposit, interest, or dividend; 8 stored value card; 9 credit balance, customer's overpayment, security deposit, refund, 10 credit memorandum, unpaid wage, unused ticket, mineral proceeds 11 or unidentified remittance; 12 stock or other evidence of ownership of an interest in a business 13 association or financial organization; 14 a bond, debenture, note, or other evidence of indebtedness; 15 money deposited to redeem stock, bonds, coupons, or other 16 securities or distributions; 17 an amount due and payable under the terms of an annuity or 18 insurance policy, including policies providing life insurance, 19 property and casualty insurance, workers compensation insurance, 20 or health and disability insurance; and an amount distributable from a trust or custodial fund established 21 under a plan to provide health, welfare, pension, vacation, 22 23 severance, retirement, death stock purchase, profit sharing, 24 employee savings, supplemental unemployment, insurance, or 25 similar benefits; [and] 26 "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible S. 27 medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is 28 retrievable in perceivable form; and 29 "Stored value card" means a record that evidences a t. 30 promise, made for monetary or other consideration, by the issuer or 31 seller of the record that the owner of the record will be provided, 32 solely or a combination of, merchandise, services, or cash in the 33 value shown in the record, which is pre-funded and the value of 34 which is reduced upon each redemption. The term "stored value card" includes, but is not limited to the following items: paper gift 35 certificates, records that contain a microprocessor chip, magnetic 36 37 stripe or other means for the storage of information, gift cards, 38 electronic gift cards, rebate cards, stored-value cards or certificates, 39 store cards, and similar records or cards. 40 (cf: P.L.2002, c.35, s.3) 41 42 2. R.S.46:30B-11 is amended to read as follows: 43 46:30B-11. Presumption of abandonment of travelers check. 44 Subject to R.S.46:30B-14, any sum payable on a travelers check 45 that has been outstanding for more than [15] three years after its 46 issuance is presumed abandoned unless the owner, within [15]

<u>three</u> years, has communicated in writing with the issuer concerning it or otherwise indicated an interest as evidenced by a

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1 contemporaneous memorandum or other record on file prepared by 2 an employee of the issuer. 3 (cf: P.L.2002, c.35, s.10) 4 5 3. R.S.46:30B-12 is amended to read as follows: 6 Presumption of abandonment of money order. 46:30B-12. 7 Subject to R.S.46:30B-14, any sum payable on a money order or 8 similar written instrument that has been outstanding for more than 9 [seven] three years after its issuance is presumed abandoned unless 10 the owner, within seven three years, has communicated in writing 11 with the issuer concerning it or otherwise indicated an interest as 12 evidenced by a contemporaneous memorandum or other record on 13 file prepared by an employee of the issuer. 14 (cf: P.L.2002, c.35, s.11) 15 16 4. R.S.46:30B-13 is amended to read as follows: 17 46:30B-13. Limitation on holder's power to impose service charges. A holder may not deduct from the amount of a travelers 18 19 check or money order any charge imposed by reason of the failure 20 to present the instrument for payment unless there is a valid and 21 enforceable written contract between the issuer and the owner of the 22 instrument pursuant to which the issuer may impose a charge and 23 the issuer regularly imposes the charges and does not regularly 24 reverse or otherwise cancel them. The amount of the deduction 25 shall be limited to an amount [that is not unconscionable] not to exceed \$2 per month. Notwithstanding any provision of this section 26 27 to the contrary, no service charge, dormancy fee or other similar 28 charge shall be imposed against a travelers check or money order 29 within the twelve months immediately following the date of sale. 30 (cf: P.L.2002, c.35, s.12) 31 32 5. (New section) a. A stored value card for which there has 33 been no stored value card activity for two years is presumed 34 abandoned. 35 b. The proceeds of a stored value card presumed abandoned 36 shall be the value of the card, in money, on the date the stored value 37 card is presumed abandoned. 38 c. An issuer of a stored value card shall obtain the name and 39 address of the purchaser or owner of each stored value card issued 40 or sold and shall, at a minimum, maintain a record of the zip code 41 of the owner or purchaser. 42 If the issuer of a stored value card does not have the name and 43 address of the purchaser or owner of the stored value card, the 44 address of the owner or purchaser of the stored value card shall 45 assume the address of the place where the stored value card was 46 purchased or issued and shall be reported to New Jersey if the place of business where the stored value card was sold or issued is located 47 48 in New Jersey.

1 d. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent an issuer 2 from honoring a stored value card, the unredeemed value of which 3 has been reported to the State Treasurer pursuant to R.S.46:30B-1 et 4 seq., and thereafter seeking reimbursement from the State Treasurer 5 pursuant to R.S.46:30B-62.

6 e. This section does not apply to a stored value card that is 7 distributed by the issuer to a person under a promotional or 8 customer loyalty program or a charitable program for which no 9 monetary or other consideration has been tendered by the owner and 10 this section does not apply to a stored value card issued by any 11 issuer that in the past year sold stored value cards with a face value 12 of \$250,000 or less. For purposes of this subsection, sales of stored 13 value cards by businesses that operate either (1) under the same 14 trade name as or under common ownership or control with another 15 business or businesses in the State, or (2) as franchised outlets of a 16 parent business, shall be considered sales by a single issuer.

17 f. The State Treasurer is authorized to grant an exemption from 18 such provisions concerning stored value cards, on such terms and 19 conditions as the State Treasurer may require, for a business or 20 class of businesses that demonstrate good cause to the satisfaction 21 of the State Treasurer. In exercising his discretion pursuant to this 22 section, the State Treasurer may consider relevant factors including, 23 but not limited to, the amount of stored value card transactions 24 processed, the technology in place, whether or not stored value 25 cards issued contain a microprocessor chip, magnetic strip, or other 26 means designed to trace and capture information about place and 27 date of purchase, and such other factors as the State Treasurer shall 28 deem relevant.

29 g. Notwithstanding the provisions of this act or any other law to 30 the contrary, only a stored value card which is exempt from the 31 provisions of this act pursuant to subsection e. or f. of this section 32 shall be deemed a gift card or gift certificate for purposes of 33 P.L.2002, c.14 (C.56:8-110 et seq.).

34 h. As used in this section:

35 "Stored value card activity" means the purchase or issuance of the stored value card, a transaction executed by the owner that 36 37 increased or decreased the value of the stored value card, or 38 communication by the owner of the stored value card with the 39 issuer of the stored value card concerning the value of the balance 40 remaining on the stored value card as evidenced by a 41 contemporaneous record prepared by or on behalf of the issuer.

42 "Issuer" means an issuer or seller of a stored value card that is a 43 person, retailer, merchant, vendor, provider or business association 44 with the obligations of a holder to accept the stored value card as 45 redeemable for, solely or a combination of, merchandise, services, 46 or cash, and to report and deliver proceeds of the stored value card 47 if abandoned.

1 6. Section 37 of P.L.2002, c.35 (C.46:30B-43.1) is amended to 2 read as follows: 3 37. Limitation on holder's power to impose charges. A holder 4 [may not deduct from the amount of any instrument] of property <u>, c.</u> 5 subject to R.S.46:30B-42, section 5 of P.L. (C.) 6 (pending before the legislature as this bill), and R.S.46:30B-43 7 [any] shall not impose on the property a dormancy charge 8 imposed by reason of the failure to present the instrument for 9 payment unless there is a valid and enforceable written contract 10 between the issuer and owner of the instrument pursuant to which 11 the issuer may impose a <u>or fee, abandoned property charge</u> [and the issuer regularly imposes the charges and does not regularly 12 13 reverse or otherwise cancel them. The amount of the deduction 14 shall <u>or fee, unclaimed property charge or fee, escheat charge or</u> 15 fee, inactivity charge or fee, or any similar charge, fee or penalty 16 for inactivity with respect to the property. Neither the property nor 17 an agreement with respect to the property may contain language 18 suggesting that the property may be [limited to an amount that is 19 not unconscionable] subject to that kind of charge, fee or penalty 20 for inactivity. 21 (cf: P.L.2002, c.35, s.37) 22 23 7. R.S.46:30B-62 is amended to read as follows: 24 46:30B-62. Reimbursement of holder paying claim. A holder 25 who has paid money to the administrator pursuant to this chapter 26 may make payment to any person appearing to the holder to be 27 entitled to payment and, upon filing proof of payment and proof 28 that the payee was entitled thereto, the administrator shall promptly 29 reimburse the holder for the payment without imposing any fee or 30 other charge. If reimbursement is sought for a payment made on a 31 negotiable instrument, including a stored value card, travelers check 32 or money order, the holder shall be reimbursed under this section 33 upon filing proof that the instrument was duly presented and that 34 payment was made to a person who appeared to the holder to be 35 entitled to payment. The holder shall be reimbursed for payment 36 made under this section even if the payment was made to a person 37 whose claim was barred under R.S.46:30B-88. 38 (cf: P.L.1989, c.58, s.1) 39 40 8. The following sections are repealed: 41 Sections 1 through 3 of P.L.2007, c.326 (C.56:8-182 et seq.). 42 43 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2010 and apply to travelers 44 checks, money orders, stored value cards, credit balances, customer 45 overpayments, security deposits, refunds, credit memoranda, unused 46 tickets, or similar instruments outstanding on and after the July 1,

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1	2010, including, but not limited to, those outstanding instruments
2	issued before July 1, 2010.
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5	STATEMENT
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7	This bill modifies the State's unclaimed property laws to adjust
8	the time periods for presumptions of abandonment, limit issuer
9	imposed dormancy fees, and provide for related administration of
10	certain unclaimed property. The primary purposes of this measure
11	are to protect New Jersey consumers from certain commercial
12	dormancy fee practices and modernize the State's unclaimed
13	property laws.
14	The bill provides the following presumptions of abandonment:
15	• Adjusts the period of time which triggers abandonment for
16	travelers checks from 15 to 3 years;
17	• Adjusts the period of time which triggers abandonment for
18	money orders from 7 to 3 years; and
19	• Creates a 2 year trigger for abandonment of stored value cards.
20	The bill's definition of stored value cards, includes, but is not
21	limited to, paper gift certificates, gift cards and rebate cards.
22	The bill also limits the imposition of dormancy fees as follows:
23	• Precludes the imposition of dormancy fees on travelers checks
24	or money orders in the first 12 months after issuance and limits
25	permissible dormancy fees to \$2 per month; and
26	• Precludes the imposition of dormancy fees on stored value
27	cards, credit balances, overpayments, security deposits, unused
28	tickets, refunds, credit memoranda and similar instruments.
29	The bill also includes stored value cards into an existing
30	reimbursement process for escheated properties so that if an
31	escheated stored value card is subsequently claimed by an owner
32	and honored by the issuer, the State can reimburse the issuer.
33	Additionally, the bill requires stored value card issuers to obtain
34 25	the name and address of purchasers and to maintain, at a minimum,
35 26	a record of the zip code of the purchaser. In instances where an
36 37	issuer does not have the name and address of a purchaser, the
38	address of the purchaser shall assume the address of the place where the stored value card is purchased, if that place is located in New
38 39	Jersey. These provisions are designed to modernize the State's
40	unclaimed property processes relative to other states and enhance
41	New Jersey's capacity to protect its residents' stored value cards
42	from being subject to the escheatment processes of other states.
43	Stored value cards issued under a promotional program, customer
44	loyalty program, charitable program or by a business selling
45	\$250,000 or less of stored value cards in the prior year are
46	exempted from the stored value card provisions of the bill.
47	The bill also authorizes the State Treasurer to grant an exemption
48	from such provisions concerning stored value cards, on such terms

1 and conditions as the State Treasurer may require, for a business or 2 class of businesses that demonstrate good cause. In determining 3 whether to exercise the discretion to grant an exemption, the State Treasurer may consider relevant factors including, but not limited 4 to, the amount of stored value card transactions processed, the 5 technology in place, whether or not stored value cards issued 6 7 contain a microprocessor chip, magnetic strip, or other means 8 designed to trace and capture information about place and date of 9 purchase, and such other factors as the State Treasurer shall deem 10 relevant.

The bill specifies that only stored value cards exempted from the unclaimed property provisions of the bill shall be deemed gift cards or gift certificates subject to the consumer protections provided under P.L.2002, c.14 (C.56:8-110 et seq.).

The bill takes effect July 1, 2010 and applies to stored value cards, travelers checks, money orders and certain similar instruments outstanding on and after July 1, 2010, including, but not limited to, those issued before July 1, 2010.

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Adjusts time periods for presumptions of abandonment, limits
issuer imposed dormancy fees, and provides for related
administration for certain unclaimed property.